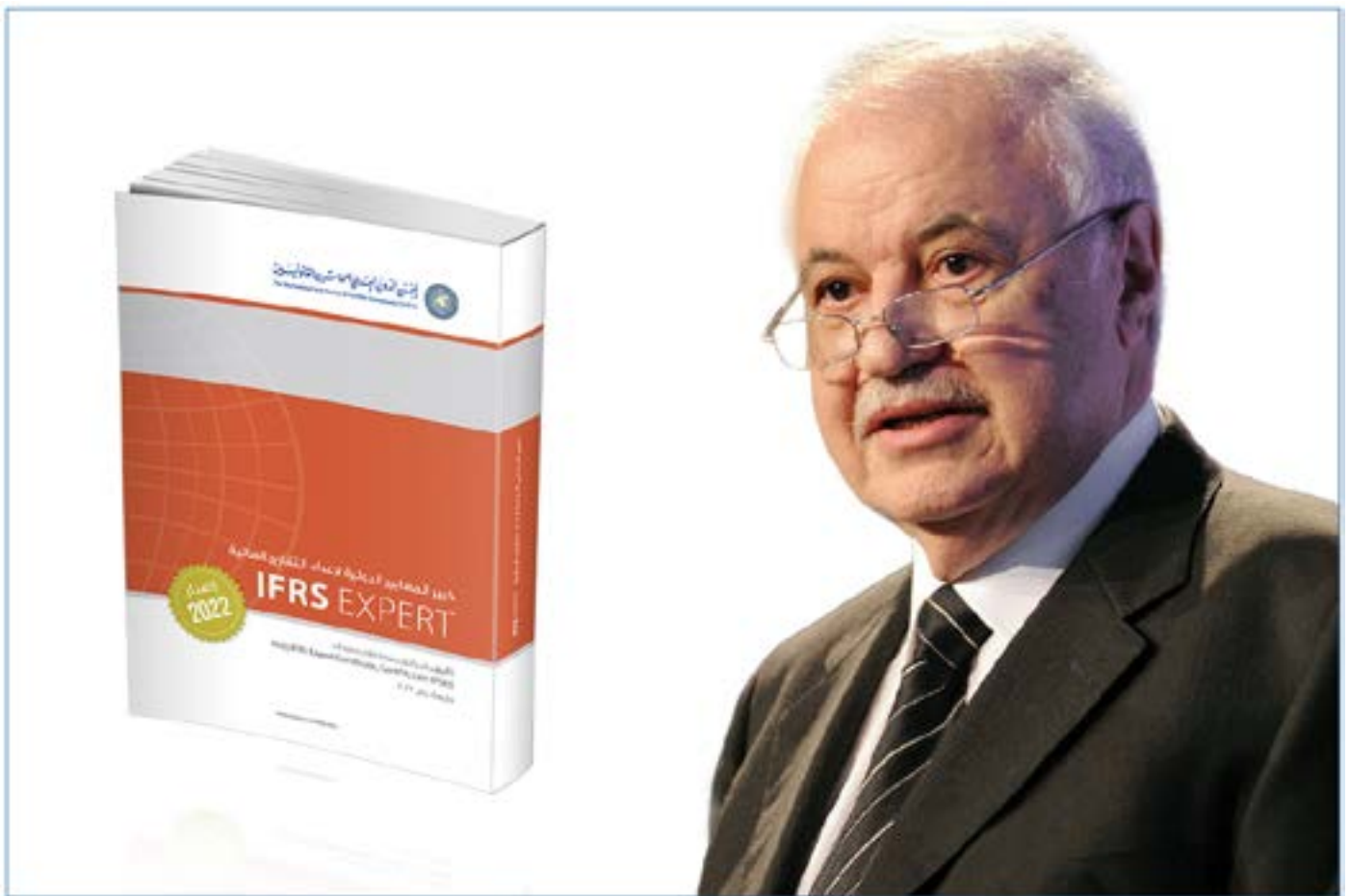


YOUR GATE TO ACCOUNTING, AUDITING AND CODE OF ETHICS



**IASCA Issues Updated Version of the IFRS Expert Book
in April 2022**

Chief Editor : Mr. Salem Al Ouri

Prepared by : Ms. Samar Fleifel

Reviewed by: His Excellency Mr. Hasan Abu-Nimeah

Designed by: Design Department at TAG. Global

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IASCA Issues Updated Version of the IFRS Expert Book in April 2022

AMMAN - The International Arab Society of Certified Accountants (IASCA), issued in April 2022, the updated version of the IFRS Expert Book, which includes the developments in the IFRS issued by the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Foundation.

The new updates come in line with the increased expansion in the application of the IFRS, along with the trend of accounting standardization in the world, which has created an urgent need to develop the knowledge aspects and the skills of those who work in the accounting profession; to keep pace with the rapid changes in those standards.

The IFRS Expert certificate, issued by IASCA, aims at professionally enhancing the understanding and application of IFRS and increasing the contribution of holders of this certificate in providing the skills and knowledge necessary for Arab institutions, in their



various sectors, to improve the quality of financial reporting in these institutions.

IASCA introduces this book to the trainees of IASCA and the Arab universities, as it includes practical and professional practices in the field of accounting, auditing and the relevant disciplines.

IASCA Holds a Qualifying Exam for the IACPA for Staff of Libya's Audit Bureau



AMMAN - The International Arab Society of Certified Accountants (IASCA) held a qualifying exam for the International Arab Certified Public Accountant (IACPA) certificate for a group of employees of the Libyan Audit Bureau.

The curriculum of the IACPA was developed based on the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the International Standards on Auditing (ISA), with the participation of experts from the Society. The Curriculum was approved by some Arab countries including the United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Syria, Lebanon, Sudan, Qatar, and Kurdistan Region (Iraq), for the licensing and practicing of the accounting and audit profession

This certificate aims at building and develop the needed cognitive capabilities relevant to understanding the theoretical and conceptual aspects of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The certificate also aims at

building the ability to apply the international standards in practical accounting professionally, along with assisting in the provision of continuous professional development (CPD) regarding the standards, and the follow-up of their amendments and updates.

It is worth noting that last year, IASCA signed a cooperation agreement with the Libyan Audit Bureau that aims at supporting the Bureau in achieving its plans and projects. It also aimed at developing and enhancing the professional competence in various Libyan departments and official institutions.

The agreement addressed the cooperation in the design and development of training curriculum, selection of trainers and the development of their skills in accounting, auditing and the relevant disciplines and granting them professional certificates, in addition to holding specialized training courses according to the needs of the Bureau to assist in the adoption and application of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).

It is worth noting that the Libya Audit Bureau is an independent professional entity and the supreme audit institution in Libya that is directly affiliated with the Legislative Authority. It is an unbiased independent professional body with an independent legal personality and financial status. The Bureau primarily aims to achieve effective control over public funds to verify the proper use of such funds and how to allocate them, by examining and reviewing accounts and evaluating the performance of all entities subject to its control.

IASCA Organizes a Training Project for Cadres of the National Oil Corporation - Libya

ISTANBUL - The International Arab Society of Certified Accountants (IASCA) organized a project for training and capacity building for cadres working at the Libyan National Oil Corporation, in Turkey - Istanbul.

The project will be implemented in two parts; the first is training and qualification which will be implemented in four stages. Those who pass each stage in the assessment exam can proceed to the next stage, if they wish to continue, then to the second part of the project.

The first stage includes providing a training course on the basics of practical financial accounting in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with the aim of qualifying and enabling participants to acquire professional skills and experience at the required level. After completing the first stage of the project, the trainees will proceed to the second stage.

The second stage includes qualifying the participants for the exam of the IACPA (International Arab Certified Public Accountant), as they will be introduced to the curriculum of the IACPA which was developed in line with the international qualification curriculum in accounting and auditing to fulfill the requirements of the labor market's need according to the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The training course includes the following topics:

1. Economics and Finance (introduction to economics, product behavior and market structures, macroeconomics...etc.)
2. Accounting (presentation of financial statements, income items, statements of cash flows, leases, equity rights...etc.)
3. Auditing (risk assessment and response, design and implementation of audit programs, evaluation of evidence, provision of review services...)
4. Legislation (taxes, business, and commercial law, corporate governance...etc.)

The third stage of the project includes the introduction of a qualifying training course for the IACMA that aims at qualifying the participants for the highest levels of managerial accounting to enable them to analyze financial statements in accordance with the financial and risk management standards, and to add to their knowledge in several areas related to management, financial accounting, cost accounting, economics, and financing. The training course addresses the following topics:

1. Financial accounting and costs (financial accounting, IFRS, cost accounting...etc.).



2. Managerial accounting and financial management (analysis of financial statements, financial management and investment decisions, decision analysis and risk management ... etc.)

The IACMA exam will be held upon completion of the training course.

Moreover, the fourth stage of the project introduces a training course for the IFRS Expert certificate. This certificate aims at building and developing the needed knowledge capabilities related to understanding the theoretical and conceptual aspects of IFRS. The certificate also aims at building the ability to apply the international standards in practical accounting in a professional manner, along with assisting in the provision of continuous professional development (CPD) regarding the standards, and the follow-up of their amendments and updates. The training course includes the following topics:

1. The Preparation of Financial Reports and the Subsequent Events:
IAS (1), IAS (7), IAS (8), IAS (10), IAS (34), IAS (37).
2. Recognition and Measurement of Non-current Assets:
IAS (16), IAS (23), IAS (36), IAS (38), IAS (40), IFRS (5)
3. Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and Associates:
IFRS (3), IFRS (10), IAS (27), IAS (28), IAS (21)
4. Financial Instruments:
IAS (32), IFRS (9), IFRS (7)
5. Segment Reporting:
IAS (41), IFRS (4), IFRS (17), IFRS (6), IFRS (14)
6. Recognition and Measurement of the Items of the Financial Statements:
IAS (2), IFRS (15), IFRS (16), IAS (19), IAS (26), IAS (20), IAS (29), IAS (12), IFRS (1), IFRS (2)
7. Disclosure in Financial Statements:
IAS (24), IAS (33), IFRS (8), IFRS (11), IFRS (12), IFRS (13)

The second part of the project introduces the professional exams for the international certificates issued by IASCA, which will be held after the completion of each of the aforementioned stages.

IFRS Foundation Agrees Memoranda of Understanding to Establish ISSB Presence in Frankfurt

NEW YORK - The Trustees of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Foundation have signed Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) with German public and private sector institutions to formalize the partnerships and funding arrangements required to establish the presence of the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) in Frankfurt.

The MoUs mark a key first step towards establishing the ISSB's global, multi-location presence to support its broad stakeholder base, as announced during the COP26 Climate Conference in November 2021. The MoUs set out the Foundation's commitment to establish an ISSB office in Frankfurt. The Frankfurt office will provide the seat of the Board and the office of the ISSB Chair. The office will provide key support functions for the ISSB, including the hosting of board meetings, and will act as a hub for Europe, the Middle East, and Africa (EMEA) region.

The signing of the two MoUs — one with public sector institutions and the other with private sector institutions — took place in conjunction with a meeting of the IFRS Foundation Trustees March 1-3, 2022. The Trustees are responsible for the governance of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the International Sustainability Standards Board.

The signatories to the MoU with the public sector institutions are the Federal Government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Government of the State of Hessen, the Cities of Frankfurt am Main and Eschborn. The signatories to the MoU with the private sector organizations are Deutsches Aktieninstitut e.V., Deutsches Rechnungslegungs



Standards Committee e.V., Frankfurt Main Finance e.V., Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer in Deutschland e.V. and Wirtschaftsförderung Frankfurt GmbH.

The Trustees previously announced that Montreal will also host key functions of the ISSB and will act as a hub for the Americas region, enabling close cooperation with the San Francisco office (the Value Reporting Foundation (VRF) has headquarters in San Francisco, and the consolidation of the VRF into the IFRS Foundation is expected to be completed by June 30, 2022).

Arrangements for the ISSB's Asia-Oceania presence are also being advanced.

Erkki Liikanen, Chair of the IFRS Foundation Trustees, said:

The formalization of our collaboration with public and private institutions in Germany will enable us to establish the ISSB's Frankfurt office; which—together with Montreal—will host key functions and facilitate engagement and cooperation with regional stakeholders.

Emmanuel Faber, Chair of the ISSB, said:

Creating a permanent presence in Frankfurt, and soon in Montreal, are important steps on the path to building our global multi-location model. These offices will serve key roles as the ISSB begins its ambitious program of work. We have much to do.

Source: www.ifrs.org

Andreas Barckow Delivers a Keynote Speech at ICGN 2022 Conference

LONDON - Andreas Barckow, chair of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), delivered the keynote speech at the International Corporate Governance Network's (ICGN) Global Sustainability Standards: **Convergence and the Future** event in March 2022. He discussed what the IASB already has in place on accounting for sustainability-related matters in the financial statements and where the IASB may go in the future.

Good morning and thank you, George [Dallas], for the kind introduction. It is a pleasure to be at this forum to discuss



the important topic of sustainability. As I am sure you know, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) sets the accounting standards used in

the financial statements of companies in over 140 jurisdictions in the world. Today, I'd like to share with you what the IASB already has in place on accounting for sustainability-related matters in the financial statements and where we may go in the future.

Starting with where we are today

If you do a word search for 'sustainable' or 'climate' in IFRS Accounting Standards, you may, at first blush, be disappointed. You'll come across our standard on agriculture and a passing reference in our management commentary guidance.

But this important topic is within the scope of many of our current standards, even if it is not mentioned by name. IFRS Accounting Standards are principle-based, setting out requirements for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of assets and liabilities in the financial statements as a general matter, rather than specifying every possible transaction or event that could trigger depiction in the financial statements.

This principle-based approach has been the IASB's modus operandi since inception. In today's ever-changing and highly uncertain world, it is even more important. The IASB does not set Standards for every emerging risk—whether it is climate change, biodiversity, pandemics, or geopolitical conflicts. Rather, our principle-based Standards already set out requirements that may be applicable.

And that's what the educational material we issued in November 2020 illustrated. This educational material builds on an earlier [article by Nick Anderson](#), one of our IASB members and a speaker on your next panel. Both documents set out specific examples of when IFRS Accounting Standards require companies to consider the effects of climate-related matters in preparing their financial statements. This consideration involves deciding how climate-related issues may affect the measurement of assets and liabilities. The articles also highlight some disclosure considerations and highlight an overall requirement for a company to consider whether specific requirements are insufficient to enable users to understand the effect of some events and conditions on the company's financial statements.

Examples in these documents include the recognition and measurement of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets; the recognition and measurement of provisions for government levies, remediation of environmental damage and onerous contracts; and the measurement of loan contracts with climate-related targets.

These documents also highlight disclosure requirements in IFRS Accounting Standards, including specific requirements on:

- The disclosure of events and circumstances that led to the recognition of an impairment loss; and
- Disclosure of the key assumptions and the amount by which the key assumption must change to result in an impairment loss if no impairment loss is recognized, where goodwill is present and a reasonably possible change in key assumptions would result in an impairment loss.

IFRS Accounting Standards also have more general 'catch-all' disclosure requirements about, for example:

- Management's judgments have the most significant effect on amounts recognized in the financial statements.
- Assumptions that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. For instance, users are increasingly interested in understanding whether the recoverability of the cost of a well is based on assumptions of pumping oil at \$50, 80, or 150 per barrel. These disclosures must discuss the nature of the assumption and, depending on the nature of the assumptions, may include sensitivity analyses and other information.

We have heard, however, of widespread demand for more disclosure on sustainability—through our regular engagement with stakeholders and through our five-yearly Agenda Consultation, which helps the IASB set its priorities for the next five-year period, in this case, from 2022 to 2026.

Looking to the future

In our meetings, the IASB will continue deliberating feedback on its Agenda Consultation to decide whether and, if so, what more it could do about the accounting for climate-related risks in the financial statements.

As a starting point, we would need to first consider developments in the financial statements now that we have had another year for our climate educational documents to bed down in practice. As I have said, IFRS Accounting Standards already have requirements covering the implications of sustainability matters in the financial statements. However, there may still be a case to do more.

In that regard, we will work closely with our colleagues on the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB). As I mentioned at the beginning, the IASB focuses on the financial statements, which reflect



transactions and events that have taken place up until the reporting date. Of course, financial statements do incorporate assumptions about the future to the extent that they relate to assets and liabilities recognized, but these are typically based on a particular level of certainty (such as ‘more likely than not’). For example, we may all feel quite strongly that more regulation will be needed to impose a monetary cost on negative climate actions. But, will that be? Through higher tax, prohibited activities, or some other means? And when? It may be too uncertain today to anticipate specific possible future actions in the financial statements.

And this is where the IFRS Foundation’s newly created ISSB comes in—and where we see the power of having the two investor-focused standard-setting bodies housed within the IFRS Foundation, building on each other’s work in a virtuous cycle.

IFRS Accounting Standards, produced by the IASB, provide the ‘monetary’ (financial) backdrop, if you will, for investors’ analysis of sustainability-related risks and opportunities and associated future uncertainties. In this regard, IFRS Sustainability

Disclosure Standards, produced by the ISSB, will require disclosure of information about the sustainability-related risks and opportunities that affect the company’s future cash flows and business model and, thus, its enterprise value—matters that affect future financial statements (hence, creating the virtuous cycle). Together, the two boards can help investors connect these two complementary information sets into a single, holistic package to foster transparency, accountability, and efficiency in global capital markets.

Let me close by reminding everyone where I have started my remarks, namely: how existing IFRS Accounting Standards apply to climate matters. We all have a part to play—companies, auditors, regulators, users, and standard setters. Let’s all do our part to make sure that they are used for this purpose.

I look forward to working with you further over the coming months and years. Thank you for your time and stay tuned for further developments.

Source: www.ifrs.org

IFAC Releases New Resource Exploring the IESBA Code Installment Focused on Technology

A new publication spotlights artificial intelligence

NEW YORK - The International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) released a new resource, [Exploring the IESBA Code, A Focus on Technology: Artificial Intelligence](#). This two-page publication highlights the application of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (the Code), in particular, the relevance of the Code’s fundamental principles and its conceptual framework to addressing ethical issues that might arise when artificial intelligence (AI) is used or implemented by professional accountants. Specifically, the installment sets out an AI scenario to assist accountants in identifying, evaluating, and addressing threats to compliance with the Code’s fundamental principles.

Originally launched in 2019, the Exploring the IESBA Code is a unique resource developed in collaboration with the staff of the IESBA. This installment focusing on AI has also benefited from input from the IESBA’s Technology Working Group. The Exploring the IESBA Code series is intended to promote awareness of the Code and support its global adoption and



implementation. It is non-authoritative and is not a substitute for reading the Code. Each installment highlights important concepts and topics in the Code and seeks to help readers understand how to use and navigate the Code so that they can quickly identify and access the ethics and independence standards and guidance relevant to them.

Previous installments have been translated into multiple languages. Topics previously covered by the series include the fundamental principles, the conceptual framework, auditor independence, conflicts of interest, inducements, responding to non-compliance with laws and regulations (NOCLAR), pressure, the role and mindset expected of the professional accountant with a focus on bias, and the “building blocks” structure of the Code. Click [here](#) to access this and previous installments.

Source: www.ifac.org

Latest Publication Looks at Terrorist Financing, Corruption, Trade-based Money Laundering, and Other Illicit Opportunities

NEW YORK - Together with ICAEW, the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) released a new installment in its **Anti-Money Laundering: The Basics** educational series: [Installment Eight: Crime Trends](#).

The publication is part of a series helping accountants enhance their understanding of how money laundering works, the risks they face, and what they can do to mitigate these risks and make a positive contribution to the public interest.

Installment 8 looks at recent crime trends like human trafficking and terrorist financing and the role money laundering plays.

Anti-Money Laundering: The Basics is user-friendly, easily accessible, and will be a resource for Small and Medium Practices (SMPs) and accountants less familiar with AML, while also providing guidance for those looking for a quick refresher or reference.

Anti-Money Laundering: The Basics is featured on both the IFAC ([landing page](#)) and ICAEW websites and is available for free download. To be globally

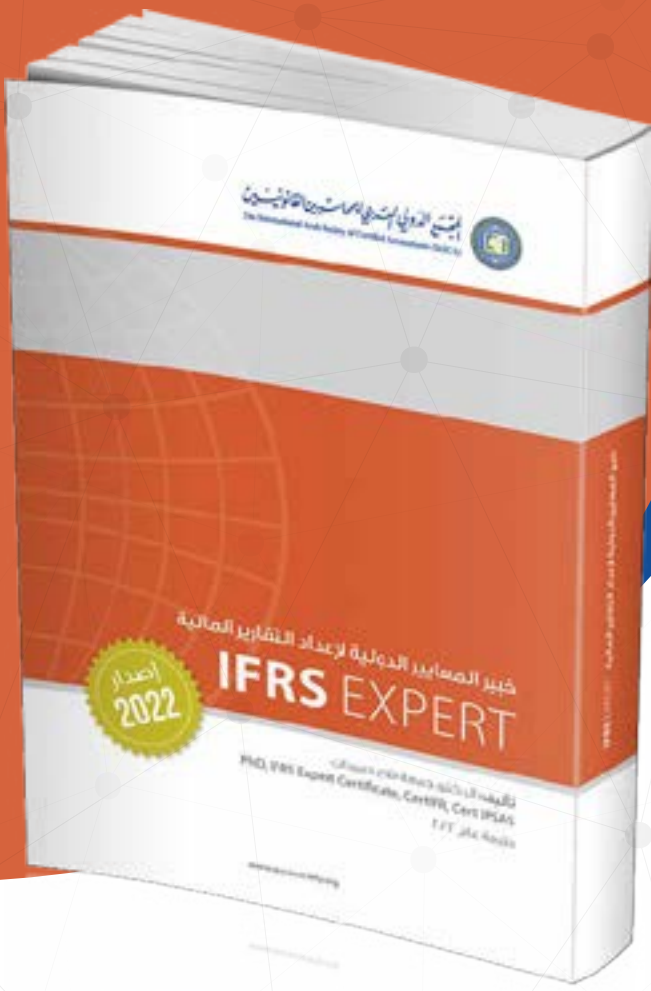


relevant, the series uses the risk-based approach of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) – the global money laundering and terrorist financing watchdog -- as a starting point.

For more information about ICAEW, visit <https://www.icaew.com/>.

For more information about IFAC, visit www.ifac.org.





المجمع الدولي لعشري المحاسبين القانونيين

The International Arab Society of Certified Accountants (IASCA)

Member of TAG-Foundation

عضو في طلال أبوغزاله فاونديشن

متوفر الآن

إصدار العام ٢٠٢٢ خبير المعايير الدولية لإعداد التقارير المالية (IFRS Expert)

أصدر المجمع النسخة المحدثة من الكتاب والتي شملت التعديلات التالية:

أولاً: المعايير التي تم اذخال تعديلات جوهرية عليها ويبدأ سريان هذه التعديلات اعتباراً من 2023/1/1 وتشمل ما يلي:

أ- تعديلات جوهرية على معيار المحاسبة الدولي رقم (1) "عرض القوائم المالية".

ب- معيار التقرير المالي الدولي رقم (17): عقود التأمين.

ج- تعديلات على معيار المحاسبة الدولي رقم (8) "السياسات المحاسبية والتغير بالتقديرات المحاسبية والأخطاء.

ثانياً: المعايير التي تم اذخال تعديلات عليها ويبدأ سريان هذه التعديلات اعتباراً من 2022/1/1 وتشمل ما يلي:

أ- معيار المحاسبة الدولي رقم (16) "الممتلكات والمباني والمعدات".

ب- معيار التقرير المالي الدولي رقم (3) "تجميع الأعمال".

ج- معيار التقرير المالي الدولي رقم (1) "تطبيق المعايير الدولية لأول مرة".

د- معيار المحاسبة الدولي رقم (41) "الزراعة".

هـ- معيار المحاسبة الدولي رقم (37) "المخصصات والمطلوبات المحتملة والأصول المحتملة".

و- معيار التقرير المالي الدولي رقم (9) "الأدوات المالية" واحلال معدل الفائدة المرجعي - المرحلة الثانية.

ز- تعديل على معيار التقرير المالي الدولي (16) "الإيجار" وتخفيض دفعات الإيجار المتعلقة بجائحة كوفيد-19 بعد 30 حزيران 2021.

ثالثاً: تم تعديل كافة المعايير الدولية الأخرى المتأثرة بالتعديلات الجديدة المذكورة أعلاه.

رابعاً: تم إضافة وتنقيح الكثير من الأمثلة الواردة في معظم المعايير في الكتاب.

خامساً: تم إضافة وتنقيح الكثير من الأسئلة والتمارين الواردة في معظم المعايير في الكتاب.

يتوفر الكتاب
بشكل إلكتروني
ومطبوع

لمزيد من المعلومات وللراغبين في إقتناء نسخة أو أكثر:

هاتف: 0096265100900 فرعي (1227)

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البريد الإلكتروني: iasca.exams@iascasociety.org

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P.T.O

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






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FOR MORE INFORMATION

Tel: (0962-6) 5100900

Fax: (0962-6) 5100901

Or you may reach us through our website:

ascasociety.org

ascajordan.org

And our emails:

asca.jordan@iascasociety.org

salouri@iascasociety.org

www.facebook.com/ASCAsociety

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